#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A (No. 1) (Mark One)

## [X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

OR

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSU. OF THE SECURITIES EXC	
For the transition period from	n to
Commission File Num	aber 814-00175
BROADLEAF CAPITAL (Exact name of Registrant as	
Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	88-0490034 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
3887 Pacific Street Las Vegas, Nevada (Address of principal executive offices)	89121 ( <b>Zip Code</b> )
(702) 650-3 (Registrant's telephone numbo	
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by nonths (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2)	
Yes X	No
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its coosted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shape).	corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and
Yes X	No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated celerated filer, "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Ex	
1	

Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □		Accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☒	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a	shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-	2 of the Exchange Act).	
	Yes	No X	
As of May 7, 2014 the registrant had 167,0	97,874 shares of common stock outstand	ling.	
	2		

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## Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. FORM 10-Q/A

#### EXPLANTORY NOTE

We filed our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the year quarterly period ended March 31, 2014 (the "Form 10-Q") on May 2, 2014. Subsequent to the filing if the Form 10-Q, it was determined that their were several typographical and other errors, while not material, if corrected would provide a more clear presentation of the Quarterly Report. This Form 10-Q/A includes new Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) certificates as Exhibits 31.1 and 31.2, and new certifications pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 as Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2. This 10-Q/A does not reflect events that may have occurred subsequent to the original filing date.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

Consolidated Balance Sheets				
	3/31/14			12/31/13
	<u>J''</u>	Jnaudited"	"	Audited"
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$	51,242	\$	7,045
Notes receivable current portion		130,000		135,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		181,242		142,045
Notes Receivable - net of current portion		165,000		165,000
Property, plant and equipment, net		45,650		0
Intangible assets		7,751,031		0
Goodwill		256,000		0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,398,923	\$	307,045
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	94,982	\$	14,951
Accrued interest		510		0
Notes payable - current portion		17,250		12,750
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		112,742		27,701
	_			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		112,742		27,701
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 8)				
BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.( "BDLF")SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Preferred Stock 10,000,000 authorized all series: Series A \$0.01 par value 900 shares				
issued and outstanding at March 31, 2014 and none at December 31, 2013		9		0
Series B \$0.01 par value 300,000 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2014				
and none at December 31, 2013.		3,000		0
Common Stock 250,000,000 authorized at \$0.001 par value; 167,097,874				
shares issued and outstanding March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.		167,098		167,098
Additional paid-in capital		22,161,875		14,141,507
Accumulated deficit		(14,045,801)	()	14,029,261)
TOTAL EQUITY	_	8,286,181		279,344
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	8,398,923	\$	307,045

## **BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.**Consolidated Statements of Operations

REVENUES COST OF SALES GROSS PROFIT DPERATING EXPENSES NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Realized Gain on Sale of Investment Other Income	"U \$	Jnaudited"	****	
COST OF SALES GROSS PROFIT DPERATING EXPENSES NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS DTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Realized Gain on Sale of Investment	\$	"Unaudited"		naudited"
GROSS PROFIT DPERATING EXPENSES NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS DTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		0	\$	10,377
DPERATING EXPENSES  NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS  DTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)  Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		0		8,684
NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS  OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)  Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		0		1,693
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)  Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		16,030		29,783
Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		(16,030)		(28,090)
O41 I		0		8,467
Interest expense		(510)		2,236 (1,262)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		(510)		9,441
NCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING DPERATION BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(16,540)		(18,649)
Income taxes		0		0
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(16,540)	\$	(18,649)
BASIC INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE				
Basic Income(Loss) Per Share		(0.000)		(0.000)
Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share		(0.000)		(0.000)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING				
BASIC		67 007 874	16	67,097,874
DILUTED		167,097,874 257,097,874		67,097,874

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements."

## **BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows		
	For the Three Months End	
	3/31/14	3/31/13
	"Unaudited"	"Unaudited"
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ (16,540)	\$ (18,649)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
used by operating activities:		
Common stock issued for services	0	0
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable /accrued expenses	80,031	(7,503)
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	510	578
(Increase) decrease in other assets	0	2,265
(Increase) decrease in inventory	0	975
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	64,001	(22,334)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of intangible assets	(8,007,031)	0
Purchase of equipment	(45,650)	0
• •		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(8,052,681)	0
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on notes receivable	5,000	0
Proceeds from notes payable	4,500	0
Issuance of preferred stock series A	· ·	
	7,722,650	0
Issuance of preferred stock series B	300,727	0
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$ 8,032,877	\$ 0
NET DECREASE IN CASH	44,197	(22,334)
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	7,045	107,627
CASH, END OF PERIOD	51,242	85,293

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements."

**BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.** Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

	]	For the Three Months End			
	_	3/31/14	3/31/13		
	"	Unaudited"	"Unaudited"		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Interest paid	\$	0	\$ 684		
Income taxes paid	<u>\$</u>	0	\$ 0		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF					
NON-CASH ACTIVITIES					
Durfamed stade society A & Districtions d					
Preferred stock series A & B stock issued	e	8,023,377	\$ 0		
in purchase of acquisition assets	<u>\$</u>		3 0		
Common stock issued for services	<u>s</u>	0	\$ 0		

"The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements."

#### BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC. CONSOLIDATED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

#### NOTE 1 - RECENT COMPANY BACKGROUND

Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the Company), is a corporation organized and existing in Nevada. In November of 2013 the Company formed a wholly owned subsidiary Sustained Release, Inc. Although a private placement memorandum was done in December 2013, no funds were raised and the subsidiary is still inactive. On December 30, 2013 the Company sold an active wholly owned subsidiary Pipeline Nutrition U.S.A. Inc. to a related party. Our financial statements presented herein have been restated to reflect this event for both periods presented. During March 2014 we formed a new subsidiary Texas Gulf Exploration and Production, Inc. which on March 28, 2014 acquired the majority of assets of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas. Inc. The assets acquired from Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. did not include current production of oil or gas or any proven or unproven reserves owned by Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. Also in March 2014 we formed another new subsidiary Legal Capital Corp. which on March 28, 2014 acquired the majority of assets of Litigation Capital, Inc. On March 31, 2014 we entered into a rescission agreement with our subsidiary Sustained Release, Inc. No sales of Series A Preferred Stock were ever sold in this proposed private placement and the Company has withdrawn this private offering.

#### **NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

This summary of significant account policies of the Company is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and the notes are the representation of the Company's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("US GAAP") and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### Basis of Presentation

The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned and wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany account balances, transactions, profits and losses have been eliminated.

#### Principles of Consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its subsidiaries. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Equity investments for which we exercise significant influence over but do not control the investee and are not the primary beneficiary of the investee's activities are accounted for using the equity method where applicable. Investments through which we are not able to exercise significant influence over the investee and which do not have readily determinable fair values are accounted for under the cost method where applicable.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

For certain of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company utilizes ASC No. 605 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for revenue recognition. The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the sales price is fixed or determinable, and (iii) collectability is reasonably assured.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is comprised of cash in hand and cash held on demand with banks. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of the non-interest bearing checking accounts in US Dollars

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from customers on products and other sales. These accounts receivable, which are reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts, are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The Company evaluates the collectability of its accounts receivable based on a combination of factors, including whether sales were made pursuant to letters of credit. In cases where management is aware of circumstances that may impair a specific customer's ability to meet its financial obligations, management records a specific allowance against amounts due, and reduces the net recognized receivable to the amount the Company believes will be collected. For all other customers, the Company maintains an allowance that considers the total receivables outstanding, historical collection rates and economic trends. Accounts are written off when all efforts to collect have been exhausted.

#### Stock Based Compensation

When applicable, the Company will account for stock-based payments to employees in accordance with ASC 718, "Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). Stock-based payments to employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuance of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on their fair values at the date of grant.

The Company accounts for stock-based payments to non-employees in accordance with ASC 505-50, "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees." Stock-based payments to non-employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuances of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on the value of the vested portion of the award over the requisite service period as measured at its then-current fair value as of each financial reporting date.

The Company calculates the fair value of option grants and warrant issuances utilizing the Binomial pricing model. The amount of stock-based compensation recognized during a period is based on the value of the portion of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest. ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time stock options are granted and warrants are issued to employees and non-employees, and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The term "forfeitures" is distinct from "cancellations" or "expirations" and represents only the unvested portion of the surrendered stock option or warrant. The Company estimates for feiture rates for all unvested awards when calculating the expense for the period. In estimating the forfeiture rate, the Company monitors both stock option and warrant exercises as well as employee termination patterns. The resulting stock-based compensation expense for both employee and non-employee awards is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the period in which the Company expects to receive the benefit, which is generally the vesting period.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized. As property and equipment are sold or retired, the applicable cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gains or losses thereon are recognized as operating expenses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements, the term of the related lease, including renewal periods, if shorter. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 40 years Equipment 5-15 years

The Company reviews property, plant and equipment and all amortizable intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is based on estimated undiscounted cash flows. Measurement of the impairment loss, if any, is based on the difference between the carrying value and fair value.

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Amortizable Intangible Assets

The Company follows ASC 360-10, "Property, Plant, and Equipment," which established a "primary asset" approach to determine the cash flow estimation period for a group of assets and liabilities that represents the unit of accounting for a long-lived asset to be held and used. Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Intangible Assets - Goodwill

The excess of the purchase price over net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of business acquired is carried as Goodwill on the balance sheet. Goodwill is not amortized, but instead is assessed for impairment at least annually and upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or substantive changes in circumstances that indicate that the fair value of goodwill may be impaired. Measurement of the impairment loss, if any, is based on the difference between the carrying value and fair value of reporting unit. The goodwill impairment test follows a two-step process. In the first step, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the impairment test is performed for purposes of measuring the impairment. In the second step, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of the reporting unit to determine an implied goodwill value. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of goodwill, an impairment loss will be recognized in an amount equal to that excess. There were no material impairments to the carrying value of long-lived assets and intangible assets subject to amortization during the quarters ended March 31, 2014, and March 31, 2013.

#### **Business segments**

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting" requires use of the "management approach" model for segment reporting. The management approach model is based on the way a company's management organizes segments within the company for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company determined it has one operating segment as of March 31, 2014 and March 31, 2013.

#### Acquisitions

The Company recognizes the assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquired at the acquisition date, measured at their fair values as of that date. Contingent purchase consideration is recorded at fair value at the date of acquisition. Any excess purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Within one year from the date of acquisition, the Company may update the value allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the resulting goodwill balances as a result of information received regarding the valuation of such assets and liabilities that was not available at the time of purchase. Measuring assets and liabilities at fair value requires the Company to determine the price that would be paid by a third party market participant based on the highest and best use of the assets or interests acquired. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred.

#### Fair Value Measurements

For certain financial instruments, including accounts receivable, accounts payable, interest payable, advances payable and notes payable, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their relatively short maturities.

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." ASC 820-10 defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measures. The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets for receivables and current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of the short period of timebetween the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and their current market rate of interest. The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The Company did not identify any non-recurring assets and liabilities that are required to be presented in the balance sheets at fair value in accordance with ASC 815.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In February 2007, the FASB issued ASC 825-10 "Financial Instruments." ASC 825-10 permits entities to choose to measure many financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected are reported in earnings. ASC 825-10 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company adopted ASC 825-10 on January 1, 2008. The Company chose not to elect the option to measure the fair value of eligible financial assets and liabilities.

#### Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are provided using the liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carry-forwards, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of the changes in tax laws and rates of the date of enactment.

When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. The benefit of a tax position is recognized in the financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above is reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination.

Applicable interest and penalties associated with unrecognized tax benefits are classified as additional income taxes in the statements of operations.

#### Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at cost which is the fair value of the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, borrowings are stated at amortized cost using the effective yield method; any difference between fair value of the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized as interest expense over the period of the borrowings.

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

The Company recognizes the estimated liability to repair or replace products sold still under warranty at the balance sheet date. This provision is calculated based on past history of the level of repairs and replacements.

#### Legal Matters

The Company is not currently involved in any litigation and no reserves for litigation costs have been made at this time.

#### Special Purpose Entities

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet financing activities.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Net Income per Share

The Company computes net income (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260-10, "Earnings Per Share." The basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net loss per share gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the "as if converted" basis. The Company has currently authorized a Series A Preferred Stock which is convertible at a rate of one share of preferred stock into one percent of the fully diluted common stock outstanding at the close of business on the last day prior to the date of notice of conversion.

#### Common Stock

There is currently only one class of common stock. Each share common stock is entitled to one vote. The authorized number of common stock of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. at March 31, 2014 was 250,000,000 shares with a par value per share of \$0.001. Authorized shares that have been issued and fully paid amounted to 167,097,894 as of March 31, 2014 and 2013.

#### Preferred Stock

On November 16, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the issuance of Preferred stock of 10,000,000 with a par value of \$0.01 per share. The terms of these shares will be determined upon issuance.

In March of 2014 the Company issued 900 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Series A Preferred Stock shall have the right to convert any or all of the series of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible at the option of the holder at any time, after the date of issuance of such shares. Each share of Series A Preferred Share converts into one hundred thousand (100,000) shares of Common Stock.

No holder of the Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to convert the Series A Preferred Stock to the extent that such conversion would, upon giving effect to such conversion, cause the aggregate number of Common Stock beneficially owned by such holder to exceed 4.99% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock following such conversion.

On all matters the holders of Series A Preferred Stock and the holders of Common Stock shall vote together and not as separate classes and the Series A Preferred Stock shall be counted on an "as converted" basis times 100.

In March of 2014 the Company issued 300,000 shares of Series "B" Preferred Stock. The holders of Series B Preferred Stock shall be entitled to when and if declared by the Board of Directors out of the funds of the Company, non cumulative cash dividends accruing on a daily basis from the date of issuance of the Series B Preferred Stock through and including the date on which dividends are paid at an annual rate of six percent (6%) per share of Series B Preferred Stock.

Series B Preferred Stock shall rank senior to the Common Stock and junior to the Series A Preferred Stock.

On all matters the holders of Series A Preferred Stock and the holders of Common Stock shall vote together and not as separate classes and the series B Preferred Stock shall be counted as one vote per each share.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year balances to conform to the current year presentation.

#### Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income represents net income plus the change in equity of a business enterprise resulting from transactions and circumstances from non-owner sources. The Company's comprehensive income equal net income for the quarters ended March 31, 2014, and 2013.

#### NOTE 3 – RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

No. 2013-01, January 2013, Balance Sheet(Topic 210): The amendments in this Update affect entities that have derivatives accounted for in accordance with Topic 815, including bifurcated embedded derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with Section 210-20-45 or Section 815-10-45 or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. Entities with other types of financial assets and financial liabilities subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement also are affected because these amendments make them no longer subject to the disclosure requirements in Update 2011-11.

#### **NOTE 4 - GOING CONCERN**

As reported in the consolidated financial statements, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$14,045,801 as of March 31, 2014 and has cash flow constraints with a current revenue stream. These trends have been consistent for the past few years, respectively.

These factors create uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company obtaining adequate capital to fund operating losses until it becomes profitable. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital it could be forced to cease operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, develop and generate revenues and achieve a profitable level of operations, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plans to obtain such resources for the Company include raising additional capital through sales of common stock, and entering into acquisition agreements with profitable entities with significant operations. In addition, management is continually seeking to streamline its operations and expand the business through a variety of industries, including real estate and financial management. However, management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plans described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing and attain profitable operations. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE 5 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the information used to compute basic and diluted net income per share attributable to the Company for the quartersended March 31:

	3/31/2014	3/31/2013
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (16,540)	\$ (18,649)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding basic:		
Weighted-average common stock - Basic	167,097,874	167,097,874
Equivalents Stock options Warrants	-	-
Convertible Preferred Series A	90,000,000	
Weighted-average common stock - Diluted	257,097,874	167,097,874

#### NOTE 6 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the Periods Ended:	_3	3/31/2014		12/31/2013	
Property, plant and equipment consist of the following:					
Equipment	\$	45,650	\$	0	
Computers and software		3,500		3,500	
Other equipment		400		400	
Total property, plant and equipment		49,550		3,900	
Less:					
Accumulated depreciation		3,900		3,900	
Current depreciation expense		0		0	
Total accumulated depreciation	_	3,900		3,900	
Net property, plant and equipment	\$	45,650	\$	0	
Intangible assets consist of:					
Intangible customer assets	\$	7,751,031	\$	0	
Goodwill	\$	256,000	\$	0	
Less:					
Impairment		0	_	0	
Net intangible assets	\$	8,007,031	\$	0	

Acquired assets have not yet been placed in service. No depreciation expense for the quarter.

#### NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During December 2013 the Company sold its wholly owned subsidiary operating Pipeline Nutrition U.S.A. Inc. which had consecutive net loss years to its current CFO and the management of Pipeline. The Company will realize a gain of \$139,050 on the transaction in addition receiving potential royalties from the company after the note receivable is paid based on a pre determined formula.

Pipeline currently owes the Company \$300,000 from this transaction and no cash was exchanged in the initial transaction.

The Company agreed to set up short term notes payable to the board for unpaid fees during 2013 and the first quarter of 2014. A short term note was issued to Donna Steward for \$3,750, Charles Snipes for \$1,500, and Robert Anderson for \$750, with a stated 8% interest rate. In addition the Company agreed to set a short term note payable to President Mike King for his 2013 and first quarter 2014 salary of \$11,250 under the same terms.

Our subsidiary Texas Gulf Exploration & Production Inc. has entered into a five year agreement where we will have the right of first refusal to provide all wellhead services for all of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. oil and or gas wells at a fee of cost plus 10% for such services. However, the value for such contract, as reported herein is only a potential future value and could differ significantly as it is dependent on upon the future price of oil and the Company's ability to raise capital for the cost of providing services under the contract.

Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. shall have a 60-day right of first refusal to invest funds in any new oil or gas leases that Texas Gulf Exploration & Production Inc. locates and signs leases for.

#### NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable consist of the following for the periods ended;	3/3	1/2014	12	/31/2013
Promissory note from a related party dated December 30, 2013 with an interest rate stated at 8%. Interest and principal due at maturity December 30, 2014.	\$	11,250	\$	9,000
Promissory note from a related party dated December 30, 2013 with an interest rate stated at 8%. Interest and principal due at maturity December 30, 2014.		3,750		3,000
Promissory note from a related party dated December 30, 2013 with an interest rate stated at 8%. Interest and principal due at maturity December 30, 2014.		750		0
Promissory note from a related party dated December 30, 2013 with an interest rate stated at 8%. Interest and principal due at maturity December 30, 2014.		1,500		750
Total Notes Payable		17,250		12,750
Less Current Portion		17,250		12,750
Long Term Notes Payable	\$	0	\$	0
		510	Φ.	0
All are classified as short term by the Company. Accrued interest on these notes totaled.	\$	510	\$	0

#### NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company current has no commitments or contingencies that require reporting.

#### NOTE 10 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On April 4, 2013 Robert Anderson resigned from our Board of Directors as reported in the Form 8K filed on April 14, 2014.

On April 14, 2013 Mike King resigned as our president. At the same time, Damon L. Wagley was named President in his place. Mr. Wagley was also appointed to Board of Directors and will serve as President of one of our subsidiaries, Texas Gulf Exploration and Production, Inc., all as reported in the Form 8K filed on April 14, 2014.

On April 28, 2014 the Company amended and restated its Certificate of Designations of its Preferred Stock Series A, effective March 31, 2014 in regards to rights and conversion formula as described under Preferred Stock.

#### **NOTE 11 - ACQUISITIONS**

On March 28, 2014, the Company's subsidiary Legal Capital Corp, acquired certain assets of Litigation Capital Corp. Also on March 28, 2014, the Company's subsidiary Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, Inc. acquired certain assets of Texas Gulf Oil and Gas Inc. The assets acquired from Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. did not include current production of oil or gas or any proven or unproven reserves or owned by Texas Oil & Gas, Inc. The acquisitions were accounted for as business purchases and recorded at the estimated fair values of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired. The excess of the purchase price over the assets acquired was recorded as goodwill. Valuations generally were determined by an independent valuation expert and the acquisition of the key operating assets were audited as significant subsidiaries. The valuation of the assets acquired from Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. is based upon potential future earnings from the five year oil well servicing contract by and between our subsidiary Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, Inc. and Texas Gulf Oil & Gas. The potential earnings are not guaranteed and could differ significantly due to the market price of crude oil and the inability of the Company to raise the capital necessary to sustain the operations of our subsidiary. A summary of the purchase price, assets acquired and other information for each of these business purchases is as follows:

#### NOTE 11 - ACQUISITIONS (CONTINUED)

	Litigation Capital Corp.		Texas Gulf Oil & Gas Assets
Cash	\$ 45,727	\$	0
Intangible assets	256,000		7,751,031
Equipment	 0	_	45,650
Total Assets Purchased	\$ 301,727	_	7,796,681
Components of purchase price			
Series A Preferred	\$ 0	\$	7,722,650
Series B Preferred	300,727		0
Assumption of liabilities	 1,000	_	74,031
Total purchase price	\$ 301,727	\$	7,796,681

#### NOTE 12 - NOTES RECEIVABLE

During 2013 the Company sold its working subsidiary Pipeline Nutrition U.S.A. Inc. to a related party and delayed the collection of a note receivable from December 31, 2013 until December 31, 2014 in exchange for increasing its current note to \$135,000. In addition to delaying on the collection of their note the Company will receive an additional \$165,000 in a long term note equaling \$300,000 in total. \$5,000 was received in February 2013, \$130,000 is due in December 2014 and the balance of \$160,000 is due at March 1, 2015. This note has an 8% stated interest rate payable upon maturity of the note. Additionally the Company will receive royalties from all future Pipeline Nutrition U.S.A., Inc. sales at an agreed upon formula after payments of the note.

#### **NOTE 13 – INCOME TAXES**

The Company, a C-corporation, accounts for income taxes under ASC Topic 740 (SFAS No. 109) Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10 "Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (ASC 740-10), on January 1, 2007. The Company has not recognized a liability as a result of the implementation of ASC 740-10. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits has not been provided since there is no unrecognized benefit since the date of adoption. The Company has not recognized interest expense or penalties as a result of the implementation of ASC 740-10. If there were an unrecognized tax benefit, the Company would recognize interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses.

#### NOTE 13 – INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

Currently, the Company has projected \$14,045,801 as of March 31, 2014 in Net Loss Operating Loss carry-forwards available. The benefits of the potential tax savings will be recognized in the financial statements upon the acquisition or development of revenue source to apply against these losses. The Company recognizes that the Internal Revenue Service has the final determination of the NOL available going forward and that amount may be significantly different from that recorded to date.

The net operating loss carry forwards for federal income tax purposes will expire between 2014 and 2029. Generally, these can be carried forward and applied against future taxable income at the tax rate applicable at that time. We are currently using a 35% effective tax rate for our projected available net operating loss carry-forward. However, as a result of potential stock offerings and stock issuance in connection with potential acquisitions, as well as the possibility of the Company not realizing its business plan objectives and having future taxable income to offset, the Company's use of these NOLs may be limited under the provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The Company is in the process of evaluating the implications of Section 382 on its ability to utilize some or all of its NOLs.

Components of Net Operating Loss and Valuation allowance are as follows:

Net deferred tax assets consist of the following components as of

	3/31/2014	12/31/2013
Deferred tax assets:		
Beginning NOL Carryover	\$ 13,177,333	\$ 14,029,261
Adjusted Taxable Income(loss)	(16,540)	851,928
Adjusted Taxable incollections)	(10,540)	031,720
Valuation allowance	0	0
Ending NOL Carryover	13,193,873	13,177,333
Tax Benefit Carry-forward	4,485,917	4,480,293
Tax Beloft Carry forward	4,405,717	4,400,273
Valuation allowance	(4,485,917)	(4,480,293)
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$</u> 0
Net Valenting Alleman	e (4.495.017)	e (4.490.202)
Net Valuation Allowance	\$ (4,485,917)	\$ (4,480,293)

In accordance with FASB ASC 740 "Income Taxes", valuation allowances are provided against deferred tax assets, if based on the weight of available evidence, some or all of the deferred tax assets may or will not be realized. The Company has evaluated its ability to realize some or all of the deferred tax assets on its balance sheet and has established a valuation allowance in the amount of \$4,485,917 at March 31, 2014 and \$4,480,293 at December 31, 2013.

#### NOTE 14 - ACQUISITION PRO FORMA NUMBERS

During the month of March 2013 we acquired the assets of two companies Litigation Capital Corp. (Litigation) and Texas Gulf Oil & Gas (TGOG), which qualify as significant subsidiaries. We have detailed the transaction in our other footnotes on acquisitions and stock. Since we have acquired these assets prior to the close of our quarter, we are including the audited pro forma numbers for 2013 and 2012.

#### BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheets

Pro Forma Consolidated	d Bal	ance Sheets						
		Broadleaf 12/31/13		Legal Capital 12/31/13	_	TGEP 12/31/13	Co	ro-Forma onsolidated 12/31/13
ACCENT		Audited		Audited				
ASSET	.5							
CURRENT ASSETS	ø	7.045	d.	£2 000	\$	0	¢.	(0.025
Cash	\$	. ,	\$	53,890	Э	0	\$	60,935
Notes receivable current portion		135,000	_	0	_	0	_	135,000
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		142,045		53,890		0		195,935
Note Receivable - Net of Current Portion		165,000		0		0		165,000
Property, Plant and Equipment		0		0		32,610		32,610
Intangible assets		0		0		7,751,031		7,751,031
Goodwill		0		255,000		0		255,000
Investments in Sub	_	8,098,408	_	0	_	0		0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,405,453	\$	308,890	\$	7,783,641	\$	8399,576
LIABILITIES AN	D E	QUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,951	\$	0	\$	58,400	\$	73,351
Accrued interest		0		0		0		0
Notes payable - current portion		12,750		0		0		12,750
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		27,701		0		58,400		86,101
TOTAL LIABILITIES		27,701		0		58,400		86,101
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES						,		
BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.(								
"BDLF")SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Preferred Stock 10,000,000 authorized all series:								
Series A \$0.01 par value 900 shares issued and outstanding at								
December 31, 2013.		9		0		0		9
Series B \$0.01 par value 300,000 shares issued and outstanding								
at December 31, 2013		3,000		0		0		3,000
Common Stock 250,000,000 authorized at \$0.001		2,000		· ·				2,000
par value; 167,097,874 shares issued and outstanding December								
31, 2013.		167,098		0		0		167,098
Additional paid-in capital		22,236,906		355,025		7,725,241		22,218,764
Accumulated deficit		(14,029,261)		(46,135)		0		14,075,396)
TOTAL EQUITY		8,377,752	_	308,890	_	7,725,241	_	8,313,475
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	•	8,405,453	\$	308,890	•	7,783,641	\$	8,399,576
TOTAL LIADILITIES AND EQUITI	Ф	0,403,433	Ф	300,090	Φ	7,703,041	Φ	0,399,370

Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Br	oadleaf	C	egal apital <b>or the Yea</b>		GEP led		ro-Forma nsolidated
		udited	_	/31/13 udited	12/3	31/13	_1	2/31/13
REVENUES	\$	8,467	\$	0	\$	33,042	\$	41,509
COST OF SALES		0		0		32,002		32,002
GROSS PROFIT		8,467		0		1,040		9,507
OPERATING EXPENSES		36,543	_	27,551		97,089		161,183
NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS		(28,076)		(27,551)		(96,049)		(151,676)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Realized Gain on Sale of Investment		139,050		0		0		139,050
Debt Forgiveness		46,871		0		0		46,871
Interest income		10,000		0		0		10,000
Interest expense		0		0		0		0
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		195,921		0		0		195,921
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING		167.045		(27.551)		(0.6,0.40)		44.045
OPERATION BEFORE INCOME TAXES		167,845		(27,551)		(96,049)		44,245
Income taxes		(9,451)		0		0		(9,451)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	158,394	\$	(27,551)	\$	(96,049)	\$	34,794
BASIC INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE								
Basic Income (Loss) Per Share		0.001		(27.551)			_	0.000
BASIC & DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	163	3,318,216		1,000			16	63,318,216

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheets

A COPET	I	Broadleaf 12/31/12 Audited	1	Legal Capital 12/31/12 Audited		TGEP 12/31/12	Co	ro-Forma onsolidated 12/31/12
ASSET	5							
CURRENT ASSETS	•	04.640	•	21.416	Ф		•	106.050
Cash	\$	94,642	\$	- , -	\$	0	\$	126,058
Notes receivable current portion	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	0
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		94,642		31,416		0		126,058
Note Receivable - Net of Current Portion		125,000		0		0		125,000
Property, Plant and Equipment		0		0		39,130		39,130
Intangible assets		0		0		7,751,031		7,751,031
Goodwill		0		255,000		0		255,000
Investments in Sub		8,098,408		0	_	0		0
TOTAL ASSETS	e	8,318,050	\$	286,416	\$	7,790,161	\$	8,296,219
	_ <u>₽</u>		φ	280,410	φ	7,790,101	φ	8,290,219
LIABILITIES AN	D E(	QUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES		51.001	•	0	Ф		Φ.	51.001
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	51,821	\$	0	\$	0	\$	51,821
Accrued interest		16,488		0		0		16,488
Notes payable - current portion	_	30,383	_	0	_	0	_	30,383
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		98,692		0		0		98,692
TOTAL LIABILITIES		98,692		0		0		98,692
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES								
BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS,								
INC. ("BDLF")SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Preferred Stock 10,000,000 authorized all series:								
Series A \$0.01 par value 900 shares issued and outstanding								
at December 31, 2013		9		0		0		9
Series B \$0.01 par value 300,000 shares issued and								
outstanding at December 31, 2013		3000		0		0		3,000
Common Stock 250,000,000 authorized at \$0.001								
par value; 167,097,874 shares issued and outstanding December								
31, 2013.		167,098		0		0		167,098
Additional paid-in capital		22,236,906		305,000		7,790,161		22,233,659
Accumulated deficit	(	(14,187,655)		(18,584)	_	0	(	14,206,239)
TOTAL EQUITY		8,219,358		286,416		7,790,161		8,197,527
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	8,318,050	\$	286,416	\$	7,790,161	\$	8,296,219

Pro Forma Consolidated Statements of Operations

	Broadl	eaf		Legal Capital For the Yea		GEP I		o-Forma nsolidated
	12/31 Audit		_	Audited	12/3	31/12	1	2/31/12
REVENUES	\$	633	\$	0	\$	54,671	\$	55,304
COST OF SALES		0	_	0		5,652		5,652
GROSS PROFIT		633		0		49,019		49,652
OPERATING EXPENSES	13	30,836	_	18,584		68,888		218,308
NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(13	0,203)		(18,584)		(19,869)		(168,656)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Realized Gain on Sale of Investment	92	27,318		0		0		927,318
Debt Forgiveness		88,238		0		0		138,238
Other Expense		0		0		(2,163)		(2,163)
Interest income		0		0		0		0
Interest expense	(	(9,490)	_	0		0	_	(9,490)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	1,05	6,066	_	0		(2,163)	_	1,053,903
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING								
OPERATION BEFORE INCOME TAXES	92	25,863		(18,584)		(22,032)		885,247
Income taxes	(	(1,654)	_	0		0		(1,654)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 92	24,209	\$	(18,584)	\$	(22,032)	\$	883,593
BASIC INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE								
Basic Income (Loss) Per Share		0.006		(18.584)			_	0.005
BASIC & DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING	163,31	8,216		1,000			16	3,318,216

#### PART I

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **OVERVIEW**

About Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc.:

Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. targets unique, and promising technologies we believe can improve business growth and profitability, with a particular emphasis on energy markets. We apply those technologies by incubating emerging companies with innovative business plans that can utilize these technologies to substantially improve market share and bottom line performance. We also support our companies in obtaining the necessary working capital financing to finance their growth, and in select cases, we will make direct loans and/or equity investments in our own subsidiary companies as well as consider minority investments in non-wholly owned subsidiaries. In the future, we intend to monetize our investments in these companies either by outright sale, or spin off of the Company's shares to our shareholders into the public markets. However, there is no assurance the Company will successfully either sell its investments outright or successfully complete the spinoff of the Company's shares to its shareholders.

#### **BUSINESS STRATEGY**

The Company continuously seeks and evaluates investment opportunities in the technology arena that have the potential to significantly improve the growth and profitability of existing industries, particularly in the energy markets. The Company has in the past, and may again in the future, raise capital for general corporate purposes or specifically for the purpose of making an investment in markets the Company believes will provide appropriate returns to our shareholders. The services of the investment banking community will be retained as well to aid the Board in development and implementation of our strategic plan. The Company is currently incorporating new investment opportunities as subsidiaries which we believe can grow under the public parent and eventually be sold in their entirety or spun off to our shareholders as their own independently traded public companies.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

The following is a discussion of certain factors affecting Registrant's results of operations, liquidity and capital resources. You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Registrant's consolidated financial statements and related notes that are included herein under Item 1 above.

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS FOR PURPOSES OF THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995.

The statements contained in the section captioned Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements represent the Registrant's present expectations or beliefs concerning future events. The Registrant cautions that such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Registrant to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among other things, the uncertainty as to the Registrant's future profitability; the uncertainty as to the demand for Registrant's services; increasing competition in the markets that Registrant conducts business; the Registrant's ability to hire, train and retain sufficient qualified personnel; the Registrant's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms to finance its growth strategy; and the Registrant's ability to develop and implement operational and financial systems to manage its growth.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-O.

#### Results of Operations

The Company intends to operate its business primarily through its parent company, as described above, as well as entities that may be formed or acquired in the future.

	For	For the Three Months Ended			
	3/3	3/31/14		/31/13	
	"Una	udited"	"Un	audited"	
REVENUES	\$	0	\$	10,377	
COST OF SALES	\$	0	\$	8,684	
GROSS PROFIT	\$	0		1,693	
OPERATING EXPENSES		16,030		29,783	
NET INCOME(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS					
		(16,030)		(28,090)	

#### Revenues

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, revenues were \$0 compared to \$10,377 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, decreasing by \$13,377. Sales for last period are from our former subsidiary Pipeline Nutrition, USA, Inc. which was disposed of prior to the March 2014 quarter.

#### Cost of Sales

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, cost of sales were \$0 compared to \$8,684 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, decreasing by \$8,684. Cost of sales for last period are from our former subsidiary Pipeline Nutrition, USA, Inc. which was disposed of prior to the March 2014 quarter.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses decreased to \$16,030 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 from \$29,783 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$13,753. The majority of the decreased operating expenses was the result of the Company cutting down all unnecessary expenses as it prepared to launch its two new subsidiaries. The \$13,753 represented filing fees and the cost associated with maintaining our filings.

#### Other Income and Expenses

	For t	he Three N	Ionths Ended
	3/	31/14	3/31/13
	"Un	audited"	"Unaudited"
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)			
Realized Gain on Sale of Investment	\$	0	8,467
Other Income	\$	0	2,236
Interest Expense		(510)	(1,262)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		(510)	9,941
INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(16,540)	(18,649

Other items decreased to a net expense of \$510 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 from net other income of \$9,441 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, resulting in a total net other item decrease of \$9,951. Interest expense decreased during the three months ended March 31, 2014 as our debt decreased. From the interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$752. During the March 2013 quarter the Company was still receiving small payouts from prior investments which is why we had a positive other net income a year ago.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arragements**

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements, financings, or other relationships with unconsolidated entities or other persons, also known as "special purpose entities".

#### Net income (loss)

Net Income decreased to a loss of \$16,540 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 from a net loss of \$18,649 for the three months ended March 31, 2013, a decrease of \$2,109. The three month decrease was mostly related to operating expenses noted above.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

On March 31, 2014 we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$51,242. Cash used by operating activities was \$64,001 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 compaired with (\$22,334) for the three months ended March 31, 2013. At this time, those balances were not sufficient to fund our operations for extended periods into the future.

The Company has acquired substantial assets in addition to forming two new subsidiaries that are expected to generate sufficient liquidity for the coming twelve months. We continually seek additional opportunities through potential acquisitions or investments. Our working capital and additional funding requirements will depend upon numerous factors to be determined on a case by case basis as these opportunities arise.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 2 to our consolidated financial statements. In preparing our financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that, among other things, affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and reported amounts of revenues and expenses. These estimates are most significant in connection with our critical accounting policies, namely those of our accounting policies that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results and require management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgments. These judgments often result from the need to make estimates about the effects of matters that are inherently uncertain. Actual results may differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe that the following represents our critical accounting policies:

. Going concern. Our recurring losses from operations and negative cash flows from operations raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern and

as a result, our independent registered public accounting firm included an explanatory paragraph in their report on our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 with respect to this uncertainty. We have prepared our financial statements on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts of liabilities that might be necessary should we be unable to continue in existence.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are a "smaller reporting Company" as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and are not required to provide information under this item.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") that are designed to be effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute assurance of achieving the desired objectives. Also, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. The design of any system of controls is based, in part, upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based upon that evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of March 31, 2014 to cause the information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods prescribed by SEC, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Evaluation of and Report on Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

#### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with the requisite evaluation that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company currently has no open or pending legal proceedings. In addition management is unaware of any pending situations that could eventually lead to legal proceedings. All prior legal proceedings have been settled and the Company currently still has small liabilities outstanding with the total amounts due recorded as liabilities in the included financial statements.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We are a "smaller reporting Company" as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and are not required to provide information under this item.

#### ITEM 2. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

Sales of unregistered securities by the Company during the period covered by this report were disclosed in our Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 4, 2014, and as such, are not required to be furnished in this report.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

#### **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

· On April 28, 2014, the Company amended and restated its Certificate of Designations for its Preferred Stock Series A. The Amended Preferred Series A Certificate of Designation changed its conversion rights to 100,000 shares of Common Stock per each share of Preferred Stock Series A.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS, REPORTS ON FORM 8-K AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) Exhibits

Exhibits required to be attached by Item 601 of Regulation S-B are listed in the Index to Exhibits and are incorporated herein by this reference.

- (b) Reports on Form 8-K.
  - · Form 8K filed on February 19, 2014 item 2.01 Completion of acquisition or disposition of assets.
  - · Form 8K filed on April 4, 2014 item 1.01 Entry into a material agreement, item 2.01 Completion of acquisition or disposition of assets, and item 5.02 Departure of principal officers, appointment of principal officers.
  - · Form 8K filed on April 14, 2014 item 5.02 Departure of principal officers, appointment of principal officers.

#### EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION

NO.

- 3(i) \*Articles of Incorporation as amended
- 3(vi) \*Bylaws
- 21 Subsidiaries
- 4.2 Amendment to Preferred Shares
- 99 Audited financial statements of acquired assets

#### CERTIFICATIONS

- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Sarbanes-Oxley Sec. 302 certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Sarbanes-Oxley Sec. 302 certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1 Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
- 32.2 Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
- \* Incorporated herein by reference from filings previously made by the Company

#### **SIGNATURES**

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized, this 8th day of May, 2014.

Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc.

/s/ Damon L. Wagley -----President

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Damon L. Wagley	President	May 8, 2014
Damon L. Wagley		
/s/ T. W. Owen	CFO	May 8, 2014
T. W. Owen		

#### **EXHIBIT 21**

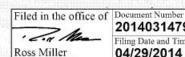
Name of Subsidiaries	Jurisdiction of Incorporation
Texas Gulf Exploration & Production Inc.	Nevada
Legal Capital, Corp.	Nevada
In a second of the second of t	Consideration and additional for a consideration of and additional consideration of the de-

In accordance with Item 601(b)(21) of regulation S-K the registrant has omitted the names of particular subsidiaries because the unnamed subsidiaries, considered in the aggregate as a single subsidiary, would not have constituted a significant subsidiary as of March 31, 2014.



ROSS MILLER Secretary of State 204 North Carson Street, Suite 1 Carson City, Nevada 89701-4520 (775) 684-5708 Website: www.nvsos.gov





Secretary of State

State of Nevada

20140314791-22

Filing Date and Time

04/29/2014 2:19 PM

Entity Number C6791-2001

### Amendment to **Certificate of Designation** After Issuance of Class or Series (PURSUANT TO NRS 78.1955)

USE BLACK INK ONLY - DO NOT HIGHLIGHT

ABOVE SPACE IS FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Designation

(Pursuant to NRS 78.1955 - After Issuance of Class or Series	5):
1. Name of corporation:	Contraction a biotic of territory the tracements
Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc,	
Stockholder approval pursuant to statute has been obtained.	
The class or series of stock being amended:	
Series A Convertible Preferred Stock	
By a resolution adopted by the board of directors, the certificate of designation amended as follows or the new class or series is:	n is being
RESOLVED, that the Board hereby adopts the Amended and Restated Certificate of De Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, as follows:	signations of the
[CONTINUED ON ATTACHMENT PAGES]	
	e proposal a promoco de la presidente de la composición de la composición de la composición de la composición
5. Effective date of filing: (optional)	
(must not be later than 90 days after the certif	icate is filed)
6. Signature: (required)	

· Signature of Officer

Filing Fee: \$175.00

IMPORTANT: Failure to include any of the above information and submit with the proper fees may cause this filing to be rejected.

This form must be accompanied by appropriate fees.

# AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATIONS FOR SERIES A PREFERRED STOCCK OF BROADLEAF CAPITAL PARTNERS, INC.

#### **SECTION 1**

#### DESIGNATION AND RANK

- 1.1. <u>Designation</u>. There is hereby created out of the authorized and unissued shares of Preferred Stock of the Company a single series of Preferred Stock, the designation of which shall be <u>Series A Preferred Stock</u>, having par value \$0.01 per share. The number of authorized shares constituting the Series A Preferred Stock is Nine Hundred (900).
- 1.2 Rank. With respect to the payment of dividends and other distributions on the capital stock of the Company, including the distribution of the assets of the Company upon liquidation, winding up or dissolution, the Series A Preferred Stock shall rank senior to the Common Stock.

#### **SECTION 2**

#### DIVIDEND RIGHTS

2.1. <u>Dividends and Distributions</u>. Each holder of shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to receive dividends or distributions on each such share of Series A Preferred Stock on an "as converted" into Common Stock basis as provided in <u>Section 4</u> hereof when and if dividends are declared on the Common Stock by the Board. Dividends shall be paid in cash or property, as determined by the Board.

#### **SECTION 3**

#### LIQUIDATION RIGHTS

3.1 Liquidation Preference. There shall be no preference in favor of the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock over the holders of Common Stock or other series of Preferred Stock upon any liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of the Company, whether voluntary or involuntary (collectively, "Liquidation"). Upon any Liquidation, the entire net assets of the Company shall be distributed among the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock (on an "as converted basis" into Common Stock), the other series of Preferred Stock subject to the terms of their certificates of designation, and Common Stock, ratably in proportion to each such holder's percentage ownership of the Common Stock of the Company on a fully diluted basis, and such distributions may be made in cash or in property taken at its fair value (as determined in good faith by the Board), or both, at the election of the Board.

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#### **SECTION 4**

#### CONVERSION RIGHTS

- 4.1. Conversion. Each holder of Series A Preferred Stock shall have the right to convert any or all of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock into Common Stock. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock shall be convertible (the "Conversion Rights"), at the option of the holder thereof, at any time, and from time to time, after the date of issuance of such share (subject to Section 4.5 hereof), at the office of the Company or any transfer agent for the Series A Preferred Stock, into One Hundred Thousand (100,000 shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock received upon the exercise of Conversion Rights shall be fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock.
- 4.2. Adjustments. The Conversion Rights of the Series A Preferred Stock as described in <u>Section 4.1</u> above shall be adjusted from time to time as follows:
- (a) In the event of any reclassification of the Common Stock or recapitalization involving Common Stock (including a subdivision, or combination of shares or any other event described in this Section 4.2) the holder of Series A Preferred Stock shall thereafter be entitled to receive, and provision shall be made therefore in any agreement relating to the reclassification or recapitalization, upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock, the kind and number of shares of Common Stock or other securities or property (including cash) to which such holder of Series A Preferred Stock would have been entitled if he had held the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Series A Preferred Stock was convertible immediately prior to such reclassification or recapitalization; and in any such case appropriate adjustment shall be made in the application of the provisions herein set forth with respect to the rights and interests thereafter of the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock, to the end that the provisions set forth herein shall thereafter be applicable, as nearly as reasonably may be, in relation to any shares, other securities, or property thereafter receivable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock. An adjustment made pursuant to this subparagraph (a) shall become effective at the time at which such reclassification or recapitalization becomes effective. Prior to December 31, 2015, notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event, however, shall the number of Series A Preferred Stock or the number of shares of Common Stock into which the Series A Preferred Stock is convertible be subject to any adjustment resulting from a reverse split of the Common Stock.
- (b) In the event the Company shall declare a distribution payable in securities of other entities or persons, evidences of indebtedness issued by the Company or other entities or persons, assets (excluding cash dividends) or options or rights not referred to in Section 4.2(a) above, the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to a proportionate share of any such distribution as though he was the holder of the number of shares of Common Stock of the Company into which his shares of Series A Preferred Stock are convertible as of the record date fixed for the determination of the holders of shares of Common Stock of the Company entitled to receive such distribution or if no such record date is fixed, as of the date such distribution is made.

#### 4.3. Procedures for Conversion.

- In order to exercise the Conversion Rights pursuant to Section 4.1 above, the holder shall deliver an irrevocable written notice of such exercise to the Company at its principal office (the "Notice of Conversion"). The holder shall, upon the conversion of Series A Preferred Stock in accordance with this Section 4, surrender the certificate representing such shares of Series A Preferred Stock to the Company, at its principal office, and specify the name or names in which the holder wishes the certificate or certificates for shares of Common Stock to be issued. In case the holder shall specify a name or names other than that of the holder, such notice shall be accompanied by payment of all transfer taxes (if transfer is to a person or entity other than the holder thereof), if any, payable upon the issuance of shares of Common Stock in such name or names. Within five (5) business days of the receipt of the Notice of Conversion, the Company shall deliver or cause to be delivered certificates representing the number of validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable shares of Common Stock to which the holder shall be entitled. Such conversion, to the extent permitted by law, shall be deemed to have been effected as of the date of receipt by the Company of any Notice of Conversion pursuant to this Section 4.3(a), upon the occurrence of any event specified therein. Upon conversion of a share of Series A Preferred Stock, such share shall cease to constitute a share of Series A Preferred Stock and shall represent only a right to receive shares of Common Stock into which it has been converted.
- (b) Beginning as of the date hereof, the Company shall at all times reserve and keep available out of its authorized Common Stock the full number of shares of Common Stock of the Company issuable upon complete the conversion of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock. In the event that the Company does not have a sufficient number of shares of authorized but unissued shares of Common Stock necessary to satisfy the full conversion of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, then the Company shall call and hold a meeting of the stockholders within thirty (30) calendar days of such occurrence for the sole purpose of increasing the number of authorized shares of Common Stock. The Board shall recommend to stockholders a vote in favor of such proposal and shall vote all shares held by them, in proxy or otherwise, in favor of such proposal. This remedy is not intended to limit the remedies available to the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock, but is intended to be in addition to any other remedies, whether in contract, at law or in equity.
- 4.4. Notices of Record Date. In the event that the Company shall propose at any time:

  (i) to declare any dividend or distribution upon any class or series of capital stock, whether in cash, property, stock or other securities; (ii) to effect any reclassification or recapitalization of its Common Stock outstanding involving a change in the Common Stock; or (iii) to merge or consolidate with or into any other corporation, or to sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its property or business, or to liquidate, dissolve or wind up; then, in connection with each such event, the Company shall mail to the holder of Series A Preferred Stock: at least ten (10) calendar days' prior written notice of the date on which a record shall be taken for such dividend or distribution (and specifying the date on which the holders of the affected class or series of capital stock—shall be entitled thereto) or for determining the rights to vote, if any, in respect of the matters referred to in clauses (ii) and (iii) in this Section 4.4, and in the case of the matters referred to in this Section 4.4 (ii) and (iii), written notice of such impending transaction not later than ten (10) calendar days prior to the stockholders' meeting called to approve such transaction,

or ten (10) calendar days prior to the closing of such transaction, whichever is earlier, and shall also notify such holder in writing of the final approval of such transaction. The first of such notices shall describe the material terms and conditions of the impending transaction (and specify the date on which the holders of shares of Common Stock shall be entitled to exchange their Common Stock for securities or other property deliverable upon the occurrence of such event) and the Company shall thereafter give such holders prompt notice of any material changes. The transaction shall in no event take place sooner than ten (10) calendar days after the Company has given the first notice provided for herein or sooner than ten (10) calendar days after the Company has given notice of any material changes provided for herein.

- 4.5 <u>Limitations of Conversion</u>. The Conversion Rights specified herein shall be subject to the following limitations:
- (i) The holders of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock may not exercise their Conversion Rights until such time as the Company has sufficient authorized shares of Common Stock in compliance with <u>Section 4.3(b)</u> of this Agreement; and
- (ii) No holder of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock shall be entitled to convert the Series A Preferred Stock to the extent, but only to the extent, that such conversion would, upon giving effect to such conversion, cause the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by such holder to exceed 4.99% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock following such conversion (which provision may be waived by such holder by written notice from such holder to the Company, which notice shall be effective 61 calendar days after the date of such notice).

# **SECTION 5**

# **VOTING RIGHTS**

5.1. General. On all matters, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock and the holders of Common Stock shall vote together and not as separate classes and the Series A Preferred Stock shall be counted on an "as converted" basis times 100.. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the holders of Common Stock shall not be entitled to vote on any proposal, action or amendment that solely affects the rights, powers, preferences, qualifications, powers or restrictions of the Series A Preferred Stock.

# **SECTION 6**

# REDEMPTION

6.1. General. The Company shall have no right of redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock without the written consent of all holders of the Series A Preferred Stock.

# **SECTION 7**

# MISCELLANEOUS

- 6.1. <u>Headings of Subdivisions</u>. The headings of the various <u>Sections</u> hereof are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of any of the provisions hereof.
- 6.2. Severability of Provisions. If any right, preference or limitation of the Series A Preferred Stock set forth herein (as this resolution may be amended from time to time) is invalid, unlawful or incapable of being enforced by reason of any rule of law or public policy, all other rights, preferences and limitations set forth in this resolution (as so amended) which can be given effect without the invalid, unlawful or unenforceable right, preference or limitation shall, nevertheless, remain in full force and effect, and no right, preference or limitation herein set forth shall be deemed dependent upon any other such right, preference or limitation unless so expressed herein.

RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Amended and Restated Certificate of Designations shall be effective as of March 31, 2014.

# PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Damon L. Wagley, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report ending March 31, 2014 on Form 10-Q/A of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Damon L. Wagley Damon L. Wagley, President Date: May 8, 2014

# PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, T. W. Owen, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report ending March 31, 2014 on Form 10-Q/A of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the "registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ T. W. Owen T. W. Owen Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 8, 2014

Exhibit 32.1

# CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the "Company") does hereby certify, to the best of such officer's knowledge, that:

- 1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the Company) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the quarter ending March 31, 2014.

Dated: May 8, 2014

/s/ Damon L. Wagley Damon L. Wagley, President

The certifications set forth above are being furnished as an exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. and will be retained by Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the "Company") does hereby certify, to the best of such officer's knowledge, that:

- 1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. (the Company) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the quarter ending March 31, 2014.

Dated: May 8, 2014

/s/ T. W. Owen T. W. Owen, Chief Financial Officer

The certifications set forth above are being furnished as an exhibit solely pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. and will be retained by Broadleaf Capital Partners, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# **Financial Statements**

# **Texas Gulf Exploration & Production**

For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (Audited)

# **Texas Gulf Exploration & Production**

Contents	Page
Financial Statements: Special purpose "carve-out" Financial Statements of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production. (A carve-out of Texas Gulf Oil and Gas, Inc.)	
Balance Sheets at December 31, 2013 (audited), and December 31, 2012 (audited)	<u>1</u>
Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 (audited), and 2012 (audited).	<u>2</u>
Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 (audited), and 2012 (audited).	<u>3</u>
Statements of Invested Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 (audited), and 2012 (audited).	<u>5</u>
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	<u>12</u>

# TEXAS GULF EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION (A CARVE OUT OF TEXAS GULF OIL AND GAS, INC.) BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	Decer 31, 2 (Aud	013 31, 2012
Noncurrent assets		
Equipment	\$	32,610 \$ 39,130
Intangible assets		51,031 \$ 7,751,031
Total Nonurrent Assets	7,7	83,641 7,790,161
Total Assets	\$ 7,7	83,641 \$ 7,790,161
Liabilities and Invested Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Accrued expenses		58,400 0
Total Current Liabilities		58,400 0
Commitments and Contingencies - Note 5		
Invested equity	7,7	83,641 7,790,161
Total Invested Equity	7,7	83,641 7,790,161
Total liabilities and invested equity	\$ 7,7	<u>\$ 7,790,161</u>

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# TEXAS GULF EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION (A CARVE OUT OF TEXAS GULF OIL AND GAS, INC.) STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	January 1. 2013 to December 31, 2013 (Audited)	January 1. 2012 to December 31, 2012 (Audited)
Revenues	\$ 33,042	\$ 54,671
Cost of Sales	32,002	5,652
Gross Profit	1,040	49,019
General Expenses	97,089	68,888
Net Income(Loss) from Operations	(96,049)	(19,869)
Other Income(Expenses)		
Other Expenses	0	(2,163)
Net Income(Loss) from Operations		
Before Income Taxes	(96,049)	(22,032)
Tax Expense	0	0
Net Income(Loss)	\$ (96,049)	\$ (22,032)

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# TEXAS GULF EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION (A CARVE OUT OF TEXAS GULF OIL AND GAS, INC.) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	January 1. 2013 to December 31, 2013 (Audited)		2013 to 2012 to December 31, 2013 31, 2012	
Cash flows from operating activities:	(F	<i>xuuncu)</i>	(A	uuiicu)
Net income (loss)	\$	(96,049)	\$	(22,032)
Depreciation		6,520		6,520
		0		0
(Increase) decrease in current assets		0		0
Increase(decrease) in current liabilities		0		(15.512)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(89,529)	_	(15,512)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
None		0		0
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities		0		0
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Contribution of capital		89,529		15,512
Net cash provided(used) by financing activities		89,529		15,512
The cash provided (asea) by intaining activities		07,527		15,512
Increase in cash and equivalents		0		0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		0		0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	0	\$	0

"The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# TEXAS GULF EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION (A CARVE OUT OF TEXAS GULF OIL AND GAS, INC.) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

	January 1. 2013 to December 31, 2013	January 1. 2012 to December 31, 2012
	(Audited)	(Audited)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
None	\$ 0	\$ 0
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVE	ITIES	
None	\$ 0	\$ 10

"The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# TEXAS GULF EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION STATEMENT OF INVESTED EQUITY (A CARVE OUT OF TEXAS GULF OIL AND GAS, INC.) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013, and 2012

	Total
	(Audited)
Invested Equity January 1, 2012	\$ 7,796,681
Contribution of capital	15,512
Net Income(loss) 2012	(22,032)
Balances December 31, 2012	7,790,161
Contribution of capital	89,529
Net Income(loss) 2013	(96,049)
Balances December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 7,783,641</u>

"The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# Note 1. Organization, History and Business

On March 28, 2014 Texas Gulf Exploration & Production Inc. a subsidiary of Broadleaf Capital Partners Inc. acquired the assets presented here as Texas Gulf Exploration & Production(the Company). The accompanying special purpose financial statements represent the financial position and results of operations for Texas Gulf Exploration & Production (a "carve out Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc.) are presented here as the assets being exchanged with Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, Inc. in the subsequent events. Within these financial statements "we," "us" and "our" refers to Texas Gulf Exploration & Production.

#### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying special purpose combined carve-out financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Texas Gulf Exploration & Production is an integrated business of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. that operates in a single business segment and is not a standalone entity. The financial statements of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses directly attributable to Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, as well as allocations deemed reasonable by management, to present the combined financial position, results of operations, changes in invested equity and cash flows of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production on a stand-alone basis. The allocation methodologies have been described within the notes to the combined financial statements where appropriate, and management considers the allocations to be reasonable. The financial information included herein may not necessarily reflect the combined financial position, results of operations, changes in invested equity and cash flows of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production in the future or what they would have been had Texas Gulf Exploration & Production been a separate, stand-alone entity during the periods presented.

# **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is derived from sales of products to distributors and consumers. Revenue is recognized in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements," as revised by SAB No. 104. As such, the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, title transfer has occurred, the price is fixed or readily determinable, and collectability is probable. Sales are recorded net of sales discounts and terms are recorded by contract.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable when applicable are reported at the customers' outstanding balances, less any allowance for doubtful accounts. Interest is not accrued on overdue accounts receivable.

# Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts on accounts receivable is charged to operations in amounts sufficient to maintain the allowance for uncollectible accounts at a level management believes is adequate to cover any probable losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based on historical write-off percentages and information collected from individual customers. Accounts receivable are charged off against the allowance when collectability is determined to be permanently impaired.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Stock Based Compensation**

When applicable, the Company will account for stock-based payments to employees in accordance with ASC 718, "Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). Stock-based payments to employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuance of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on their fair values at the date of grant.

The Company accounts for stock-based payments to non-employees in accordance with ASC 505-50, "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees." Stock-based payments to non-employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuances of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on the value of the vested portion of the award over the requisite service period as measured at its then-current fair value as of each financial reporting date.

The Company calculates the fair value of option grants and warrant issuances utilizing the Binomial pricing model. The amount of stock-based compensation recognized during a period is based on the value of the portion of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest. ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time stock options are granted and warrants are issued to employees and non-employees, and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The term "forfeitures" is distinct from "cancellations" or "expirations" and represents only the unvested portion of the surrendered stock option or warrant. The Company estimates forfeiture rates for all unvested awards when calculating the expense for the period. In estimating the forfeiture rate, the Company monitors both stock option and warrant exercises as well as employee termination patterns. The resulting stock-based compensation expense for both employee and non-employee awards is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the period in which the Company expects to receive the benefit, which is generally the vesting period.

During the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2013, the Company did not recognized any stock-based compensation. No options have been granted to date.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

For purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers cash and cash equivalents to include all stable, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company primarily transacts its business with one financial institution. The amount on deposit in that one institution may from time to time exceed the federally-insured limit

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Business segments**

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting" requires use of the "management approach" model for segment reporting. The management approach model is based on the way a company's management organizes segments within the Company for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company determined it has one operating segment as of December 31, 2013.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its income taxes under the provisions of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." The method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740 is an asset and liability method. The asset and liability method requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between tax bases and financial reporting bases of other assets and liabilities.

# Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized. As property and equipment are sold or retired, the applicable cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss thereon is recognized as operating expenses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives or, in the case of leasehold improvements, the term of the related lease, including renewal periods, if shorter. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 40 years Equipment 5-15 years

The Company reviews property, plant and equipment and all amortizable intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is based on estimated undiscounted cash flows. Measurement of the impairment loss, if any, is based on the difference between the carrying value and fair value.

# Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Amortizable Intangible Assets

The Company follows ASC 360-10, "Property, Plant, and Equipment," which established a "primary asset" approach to determine the cash flow estimation period for a group of assets and liabilities that represents the unit of accounting for a long-lived asset to be held and used. Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell.

# **Intangible Assets**

The excess of the purchase price over net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of business acquired is carried as Goodwill on the balance sheet. Goodwill is not amortized, but instead is assessed for impairment at least annually and upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or substantive changes in circumstances that indicate that the fair value of goodwill may be impaired. Measurement of the impairment loss, if any, is based on the difference between the carrying value and fair value of reporting unit. The goodwill impairment test follows a two-step process. In the first step, the fair value of a reporting unit is compared to its carrying value. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the impairment test is performed for purposes of measuring the impairment. In the second step, the fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of the reporting unit to determine an implied goodwill value. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of goodwill, an impairment loss will be recognized in an amount equal to that excess. There were no material impairments to the carrying value of long-lived assets and intangible assets subject to amortization during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The Company continually assesses any new accounting pronouncements to determine their applicability to the Company. Where it is determined that a new accounting pronouncement affects the Company's financial reporting, the Company undertakes a study to determine the consequence of the change to its financial statements and assures that there are proper controls in place to ascertain that the Company's financials properly reflect the change. The Company currently does not have any recent accounting pronouncements that they are studying and feel may be applicable.

# Note 3. Income Taxes

Taxable income and / or loss generated by Texas Gulf Exploration & Production has been included in the federal income tax returns of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. and certain of its state income tax returns. Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. has allocated income taxes to Texas Gulf Exploration & Production in the accompanying combined financial statements as if Texas Gulf Exploration & Production were held in a separate corporation which filed separate income tax returns. The Company believes the assumptions underlying its allocation of income taxes on a separate return basis are reasonable. However, the amounts allocated for income taxes in the accompanying combined financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the actual amount of income taxes that would have been recorded had Texas Gulf Exploration & Production been held within a separate stand-alone entity.

The effective tax rate on the net loss before income taxes differs from the U.S. statutory rate as follows:

	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-12
U.S statutory rate	35%	35%
Less valuation allowance	(35%)	(35%)
Effective tax rate	0	0

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	3	1-Dec-13	31-Dec-12
Net operating loss carry forwards valuation available	\$	(96,049) \$	(22,032)
Valuation Allowances		(96,049)	(22,032)
Difference	\$	0 \$	0

On an interim basis, the Company has a net operating loss carryover of approximately \$1,789 available to offset future income for income tax reporting purposes, which will expire in various years through 2032, if not previously utilized. However, the Company's ability to use the carryover net operating loss may be substantially limited or eliminated pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 382. The Company adopted

the provisions of ASC 740-10-50, formerly FIN 48, and "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". The Company had no material unrecognized income tax assets or liabilities as of December 31, 2013.

The Company's policy regarding income tax interest and penalties is to expense those items as general and administrative expense but to identify them for tax purposes. During the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2013, there were no income tax, or related interest and penalty items in the income statement, or liabilities on the balance sheet. We are not currently involved in any income tax examinations.

# Note 4. Related Party Transactions

# Overview:

The Company represents a very small portion of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. There were no separate bank accounts. Operations presented in these statements were included the overall financial results of the larger entity.

Our net loss for the periods presented will therefore be attributed to related party capital contributions without any way to identify specific cash flows of the assets, liabilities and operations presented.

# Note 5. Commitments and Contingencies

# Commitments:

The Company currently has no long term commitments as of our balance sheet date.

# Contingencies:

None as of our balance sheet date.

# Note 6. Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

For the Periods Ended:	_1	2/31/2013	1	2/31/2012
Property, plant and equipment consist of the following:				
Equipment	\$	45,650	\$	45,650
Total property, plant and equipment		45,650		45,650
Less:		_		
Accumulated depreciation		6,520		6,520
Current depreciation expense		6,520		0
Total accumulated depreciation		13,040		6,520
Net property, plant and equipment	\$	32,610	\$	39,130
Intangible assets consist of:				
Intangible customer assets	\$	7,751,031	\$	7,751,031
Less:				
Impairment	_	0		0
Net intangible assets	\$	7,751,031	\$	0

# Note 7. Subsequent Events

On March 28, 2014 the Company sold substantially all of its assets through an asset sale to Texas Gulf Exploration & Production Inc. a subsidiary of Broadleaf Capital Partners Inc.

John Scrudato CPA 7 Valley View Drive Califon, New Jersey 07830 (908)-534-0008

# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheets of the Special-Purpose Combined Carve Out Financial Statements of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, (a carve out of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc.) as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related combined statements of operations, invested equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2013. These combined financial statements are the responsibility of Texas Gulf Exploration and Production's, management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Exchange Systems are not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of their internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Exchange Systems' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. In our opinion, such combined financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Texas Gulf Exploration and Production as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2, Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, is an integrated business of Texas Gulf Oil & Gas, Inc. and is not a stand-alone entity. The financial statements of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses directly attributable to Texas Gulf Exploration & Production, as well as allocations deemed reasonable by management, to present the combined financial position, results of operations, changes in invested equity and cash flows of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production on a stand-alone basis and do not necessarily reflect the combined financial position, results of operations, changes in invested equity and cash flows of Texas Gulf Exploration & Production in the future or what they would have been had Texas Gulf Exploration & Production been a separate, stand-alone entity during the periods presented.

/s/ John Scrudato CPA Califon, New Jersey

April 29, 2014

# **Financial Statements**

# Litigation Capital, Inc.

April 26, 2012 (inception) to December 31, 2013 (Audited)

# Litigation Capital, Inc.

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# LITIGATION CAPITAL , INC. (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	3	1, 2013	December 31, 2012 (Audited)
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,890 \$	31,416
Total Current assets		53,890	31,416
Total Assets	\$	53,890 \$	31,416
Liabilities and Equity(Deficit)			
Commitments and Contingencies - Note 6			
LITIGATION CAPITAL, INC. Shareholder's Deficit			
Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized at			
12/31/13 and 10,000,000 shares authorized at 12/31/12, zero			
issued and outstanding 12/31/2013 and 12/31/2012		0	0
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized at			
12/31/13 and 12/31/12, 1,000 issued and			
outstanding 12/31/2013 and 12/31/2012		0	0
Contributed capital in excess of par		100,025	50,000
Accumulated deficit		(46,135)	(18,584)
Total Equity(Deficit)		53,890	31,416
Total liabilities and equity(Deficit)	\$	53,890 \$	31,416

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# LITIGATION CAPITAL , INC. (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	January 1. 2013 to December 31, 2013 (Audited)	April 26, 2012 to December 31, 2012 (Audited)	For the period April 26, 2012 (Inception)to December 31, 2013 (Audited)
Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
General Expenses	27,551	18,584	46,135
Net Income(Loss) from Operations	(27,551)	(18,584)	(46,135)
Other Income(Expenses)			
Interest Expense	(1,003)	0	(1,003)
Net Income(Loss) from Operations Before Income Taxes	(28,554)	(18,584)	(47,138)
Tax Expense	0	0	0
Net Income(Loss)	\$ (28,554)	\$ (18,584)	\$ (47,138)
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share	(28.55)	(18.58)	
Weighted average number	1,000	1.000	
of shares outstanding	1,000	1,000	

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# LITIGATION CAPITAL , INC. (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Do 3	nuary 1. 2013 to ecember 1, 2013 Audited)	April 26, 2012 to December 31, 2012 (Audited)	period April 26, 2012 (Inception)to December 31, 2013 (Audited)
Cash flows from operating activities:	Ф	(07.551)	Φ (10.504)	0 (46.125)
Net income (loss) Stock Issued for services	\$	(27,551)		` ' _'
Stock issued for services		0	0	0
(Increase)decrease in current assets		0	0	0
Increase(decrease) in current liabilities		0	0	0
Net cash used in operating activities		(27,551)	(18,584)	(46,135)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
None		0	0	0
Net cash provided(used) by investing activities		0	0	0
The easi provided (used) by investing activities				
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Contribution of capital		50,025	50,000	100,025
Net cash provided(used) by financing activities		50,025	50,000	100,025
In control and control of		22 474	21 416	52 800
Increase in cash and equivalents		22,474	31,416	53,890
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	31,416	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	53,890	\$ 31,416	\$ 53,890
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<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# LITIGATION CAPITAL , INC. (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED

	January 1. 2013 to December 31, 2013 (Audited)	April 26, 2012 to December 31, 2012 (Audited)	For the period April 26, 2012 (Inception)to December 31, 2013 (Audited)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
None	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FIN	ANCING ACTIVIT	TIES	
None	\$ 0	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 10

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# LITIGATION CAPITAL , INC. STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY(DEFICIT) (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED APRIL 26, 2012(inception), THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2013(Audited)

	Preferred Stock Shares	Preferred Stock Amount	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	ACIP	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Initial Balances April 26, 2012(inception)	0	\$ 0	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Capital stock issuance	0	0	1,000	0	50,000	0	50,000
Net Income 4/26/2012 to 12/31/2012	0	0	0	0	0	(18,584)	(18,584)
Balances December 31, 2012	0	0	1,000	0	50,000	(18,584)	31,416
Contribution of capital	0	0	0	0	50,025	0	50,025
Net Income 1/1/2013 to 12/31/2013	0	0	0	0	0.00	(27,551)	(27,551)
Balances December 31, 2013	0	\$ 0	1,000	\$ 0	\$ 100,025	\$ (46,135)	\$ 53,890

<sup>&</sup>quot;The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements"

# Note 1. Organization, History and Business

Litigation Capital, Inc. ("the Company") was incorporated in Nevada on April 26, 2012.

The Company was established for the purpose of handling litigation capital transactions.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Revenue Recognition

Revenue is derived from sales of products to distributors and consumers. Revenue is recognized in accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements," as revised by SAB No. 104. As such, the Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, title transfer has occurred, the price is fixed or readily determinable, and collectability is probable. Sales are recorded net of sales discounts and terms are recorded by contract.

# **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable when applicable are reported at the customers' outstanding balances, less any allowance for doubtful accounts. Interest is not accrued on overdue accounts receivable.

# Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts on accounts receivable is charged to operations in amounts sufficient to maintain the allowance for uncollectible accounts at a level management believes is adequate to cover any probable losses. Management determines the adequacy of the allowance based on historical write-off percentages and information collected from individual customers. Accounts receivable are charged off against the allowance when collectability is determined to be permanently impaired.

#### **Stock Based Compensation**

When applicable, the Company will account for stock-based payments to employees in accordance with ASC 718, "Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). Stock-based payments to employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuance of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on their fair values at the date of grant.

The Company accounts for stock-based payments to non-employees in accordance with ASC 505-50, "Equity-Based Payments to Non-Employees." Stock-based payments to non-employees include grants of stock, grants of stock options and issuances of warrants that are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations based on the value of the vested portion of the award over the requisite service period as measured at its then-current fair value as of each financial reporting date.

The Company calculates the fair value of option grants and warrant issuances utilizing the Binomial pricing model. The amount of stock-based compensation recognized during a period is based on the value of the portion of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest. ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time stock options are granted and warrants are issued to employees and non-employees, and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The term "forfeitures" is distinct from "cancellations" or "expirations" and represents only the unvested portion of the surrendered stock option or warrant. The Company estimates forfeiture rates for all unvested awards when calculating the expense for the period. In estimating the forfeiture rate, the Company monitors both stock option and

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

warrant exercises as well as employee termination patterns. The resulting stock-based compensation expense for both employee and non-employee awards is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the period in which the Company expects to receive the benefit, which is generally the vesting period.

During the period April 26, 2012, (inception) through December 31, 2013, the Company did not recognized any stock-based compensation. No options have been granted to date.

# Loss per Share

The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260-10, "Earnings per Share." Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares available. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive. Diluted earnings (loss) per share has not been presented since there are no dilutive securities.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers cash and cash equivalents to include all stable, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company primarily transacts its business with one financial institution. The amount on deposit in that one institution may from time to time exceed the federally-insured limit

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# **Business segments**

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting" requires use of the "management approach" model for segment reporting. The management approach model is based on the way a company's management organizes segments within the company for making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Company determined it has one operating segment as of December 31, 2013.

# Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its income taxes under the provisions of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." The method of accounting for income taxes under ASC 740 is an asset and liability method. The asset and liability method requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between tax bases and financial reporting bases of other assets and liabilities.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

The Company continually assesses any new accounting pronouncements to determine their applicability to the Company. Where it is determined that a new accounting pronouncement affects the Company's financial reporting, the Company undertakes a study to determine the consequence of the change to its financial statements and assures that there are proper controls in place to ascertain that the Company's financials properly reflect the change. The Company currently does not have any recent accounting pronouncements that they are studying and feel may be applicable.

#### Note 3. Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The effective tax rate on the net loss before income taxes differs from the U.S. statutory rate as follows:

	31-Dec-13	31-Dec-12
U.S statutory rate	35%	35%
Less valuation allowance	(35%)	(35%)
Effective tax rate	0	0

The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	31	-Dec-13	31-	Dec-12
Net operating loss carry forwards valuation available	\$	(46,135)	\$	(18,584)
Valuation Allowances		(46,135)		(18,584)
Difference	\$	0	\$	0

On an interim basis, the Company has a net operating loss carryover of approximately \$1,789 available to offset future income for income tax reporting purposes, which will expire in various years through 2032, if not previously utilized. However, the Company's ability to use the carryover net operating loss may be substantially limited or eliminated pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 382.

The Company adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10-50, formerly FIN 48, and "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". The Company had no material unrecognized income tax assets or liabilities as of December 31, 2013.

# Note 3. Income Taxes (Continued)

The Company's policy regarding income tax interest and penalties is to expense those items as general and administrative expense but to identify them for tax purposes. During the period April 26, 2012(inception) through December 31, 2013, there were no income tax, or related interest and penalty items in the income statement, or liabilities on the balance sheet. The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and Nevada state jurisdiction. We are not currently involved in any income tax examinations.

# Note 4. Related Party Transactions

None

# Note 5. Stockholders' Equity

#### Common Stock

The holders of the Company's common stock are entitled to one vote per share of common stock held.

As of December 31, 2013 the Company had 1,000 shares issued and outstanding.

# Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Commitments:

The Company currently has no long term commitments as of our balance sheet date.

# Contingencies:

None as of our balance sheet date.

# Note 7 - Net Income(Loss) Per Share

The following table sets forth the information used to compute basic and diluted net income per share attributable to Litigation Capital, Inc. for the period April 26, 2012 (inception) through December 31, 2013:

	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Net (Loss)	\$ (27,551)	\$ (18,584)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding basic		
Weighted-average common stock	1,000	1,000
Equivalents		
Stock options	-	-
Warrants	-	-
Convertible Notes	<del></del>	
Weighted-average common shares outstanding- basic and diluted	1,000	1,000

# Note 9. Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. Currently, the Company has no operating history and has incurred operating losses, and as of December 31, 2013 the Company had a cash of \$53,890 and an accumulated deficit of \$53,890 and has not recorded any sales since inception. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management believes that the Company's capital requirements will depend on many factors including the success of the Company's development efforts and its efforts to raise capital. Management also believes the Company needs to raise additional capital for working capital purposes. There is no assurance that such financing will be available in the future. The conditions described above raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements of the Company do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

# Note 10. Subsequent Events

On March 28, 2014 the Company sold substantially all of its operations and assets through an asset sale.

John Scrudato CPA 7 Valley View Drive Califon, New Jersey 07830 (908)-534-0008

# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders Litigation Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Litigation Capital, Inc. ("the Company") as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2013 and the period April 26, 2012(inception) through December 31, 2012 and the period April 26, 2012(inception) through December 31, 2013. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal controls over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Litigation Capital, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of its operations, stockholders' equity, and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2013, the period April 26, 2012(inception) through December 31, 2012 and the period April 26, 2012(inception) through December 31, 2013, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 9, the Company has incurred significant losses since inception of \$53,890. This and other factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also discussed in Note 9. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ John Scrudato CPA Califon, New Jersey

April 24, 2014